

MATHEMATICS APPLICATIONS YEAR 12 Test 1 2016 Bivariate Data

STUDENT'S NAME

DATE: Friday 26th February

TIME: 50 minutes

MARKS: 46

INSTRUCTIONS:

Standard Items:Pens, pencils, drawing templates, eraserSpecial Items:Three approved calculators, 1 A4 page of notes

Questions or parts of questions worth more than 2 marks require working to be shown to receive full marks.

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1. (3 marks)

The coefficient of determination between the variables x and y is 0.85 and the line of regression of y on x is y = -0.46x + 5.3.

Which of the following statements must be true?

- A: The correlation coefficient between *x* and *y* is 0.92.
- B: The response variable is *y* and the explanatory variable is *x*.
- C: The regression line passes through 85% of the points
- D: The correlation coefficient between x and y is $-(0.85^2)$
- E: 85% of the variation in *y* can be explained by the variation in *x*.
- F: As x decreases y increases.
- G: 85% of the variation in *x* can be explained by the variation in *y*.

2. (5 marks)

A survey was conducted on the relationship between gender and TV show preference (movies or sport)

The results are shown below in the segmented column graph.



(a) For this survey, determine

(i)	The explanatory variable		[1]
`		•	

(ii) The response variable

[1]

(b) For this survey, is there any association between the two variables? Explain your answer. [3]

3. (12 marks)

A survey was conducted to determine whether being in a specific year group will be associated with students having a part time job.

The information collected is shown in the table below.

	Part time job	No job
Year 10	28	45
Year 11	31	35
Year 12	42	39

(a) State the explanatory variable and the response variable.

(b) Convert the two-way table above into a column or row percentage table appropriate to the explanatory/response variables. [3]

	Part time	No job	
Year 10			
Year 11			
Year 12			

[2]



(d) For this survey, is there any association between the two variables? Explain [3] your answer.

4. (17 marks)

The statistics below show the age of a company's employees and the number of absent work days in the last year.

Age (a)			22	46	38	27	51	28	36	50	34	44
At	osent (days (d)	10	3	6	9	4	8	37	3	7	2
(a)	Identify the outlier and remove it from any further calculations [1]								[1]			
(b)	Deteri	mine										
	(i)	The correlat	tion co	efficien	t betwe	en age	and da	ays abs	sent			[1]
	(ii)	The equation	on of th	o lino o	of roaro	esion o	fdon					[1]
	(11)				liegie	331011 0		a				[']
(c)	Descr	ibe the value	of the	correla	tion co	efficien	t					[2]
(0)	Deser			concia		Cincici	L					[4]
(d)	(i)	As age incre	eases,	in gene	eral, wł	nat hap	pens to	the nu	imber o	of days	absent	? [1]
	(iii)	What precis	se math	nematic	al evid:	ence co	onfirms	your a	nswer	to (d) (i	i)?	[1]
(e)	Deteri	mine the coef	ficient	of dete	rminati	on and	explair	n what i	informa	ation th	is revea	ls.
												[2]

(f) Determine the centroid.

[1]

- (g) Predict the number of absent work days for an employee who was 57 years old. [1]
- (h) Comment on the prediction in (g)
- (i) What change would be expected in the number of absent work days for an employee over 8 years. Justify your answer. [2]

(j) The boss of this company was heard to say that the number of absent work days was directly attributable to the age of the worker. Comment on this statement. [2]

[2]

5. (9 marks)

The table below shows pairs of readings of M and t obtained from an experiment.

t	2	4	5	8	14	16	18	22
Μ	4.3	5.5	5.4	9.2	16.5	16.4	20.3	23.1
Residual	0.81	0.02	-1.08	-0.27	1.05	-1.05		

(a)	Determine the least squares regression line of M on t.	[2]

(b) Complete the row of residuals in the table. [2]
(c) On the axes below, draw the graph of the residuals for M [3]



